Unto his Grace, Elis Majesties high Commissioner and the Right Flomourable the Estates of Panli-

The humble PETITION of

Mr. John Buchan Agent for the Royal Bur-

Sheweth.

Hat where I engered into a Contrad with the Royal Borrows, in the year 1640. whereby for the Power and Commission which they granted to me to came put the Act of Parliament made in their favoursthe tath of June, 1600, To Execution against unfree Traders, and to apply all the Fynes, Ponalcies and Casualities to my own use and behoofe, and to Communicat the benefite of Trade to Barghs of Regality and Barrong, and others, as I should think fit, I oblidged my lely so relieve the faid Reyal Burrows during the time of the faid Contract of Teo Rounds of the Hundred Pound of the Taxt Rells imposed upon the Royal Burrows by Act of Plackapacio. Which Contract was by the Act of Parliament, 1693. Intituled Att fon the Communication on of Trade, Ratified and Approven, and larder, it was flatute that ficklike Extention hould pals against the Burghs of Regality and Barronie, and others, for inbringing of their Proportun for Relief of the Roy ! Burrens, which any of them should agree to, for the feet Communication in the same manner as is ulewal against the Royal Burrows, for inbringing of the Cefe payable by them; Likeas by the faid Act, all Persons whatsomever, are firictly discharged to Exercise any kind of Trade, under the Penalties consained in the Acts of Parliament, except Burgeffes, Indwellers in Royal Burghs, and their who pay their Proportion of the faid Queta to be payed by the Burghs of Regality and Barrony, and other unfree Tnaders a forefaid.

In profecution of which Contract and Act, ragreed with a few Burghs of Regality and Baronie that for the Communication of a free Trade, they should undertake their proportion of the faid Ten pound, such as Greenock, Borrow founness and Prestounpans, &c. Likeas there arising some Debate betwixt the Merchant-Traders and the Graft finen in the faid Burghs. the Lords of Session by their Decreet in foro, Found, that the Craftsmentho not Merchant-Traders hould be lyable to be stented with the Merchant Traders of the said Burgh, seing they and their Children might have the benefit of the said Communication, sicklike as Craftsmen in Burrows Royals but all my Diligence not proving successful to bring the Generality of the Unfree-traders in Burghs of Regality, Barony, and others, to an Agreement for what might be their just Propertions of the said Ten pound, tho both small and easie. I to facilitat the matter, did proportion the said Ten pound upon the several Shires of the Kingdom, for the Unfree-Traders within the same, observing this Rule after the Experience I had learned in this Affair, by much Trouble and vast Expences, that the Proportions were so ordered, so as the Unfree-Traders in all the several Shires did not pay the half of what was payed by the Royal Burrows within the faid Shire (Trade with Trade being compared ) Which List of Proportions I likewise exhibited to the Lords of his Majesties Prive Council, who after having considered the same, did find it so reasonable, both for the Ten pound, and three pound ten shilling more, which they allowed me to add toit, for my Advance of Money, and great Charges and Expenses, that they ordered a Proclamation to be emitted, appointing the Commissioners in the respective Shires to meet, in order to the treating

(2)

treating with me and my Substitutes, how the said Quota's for the Shires might be subdivided upon the Burghs of Regality and Baronie, and other Unfree-Traders within the fame, but tho'I by my felf and Substitutes did attend the Meeting of the said Commissioners, yet their Meeting and my Treating with them, by reason of little Questions moved by these Unfree-Traders proved successles; And that notwithstanding that I had obtained Decreets in fore before the Lords. Finding. 1. That all Retailers of forraign Commodities and Staple-goods, not Burgeffes and Indwellers in Burghs Royal, were lyable as Unfree-Traders. And 2. That the pain of Unfree-Traders was Escheat of Moveables, and that the same fell to me by the fore-(aid Contract and Act of Communication; Which Difficulty proving thus insuperable, I was necessitate to lay the case before the Royal Burrows, who being satisfied that I had used all posfible Diligence, both with the Unfree-Traders themselves, and likeways with the Commissioners of the respective Shires, and by recovering the foresaid Decreets before the Lords of Session, were willing to take my Contract off my hand for hereafter, but still leaving the Burden of Bygones upon me, which plainly is such a Burden as I am not able to bear, but will infaliibly fink me and my small Fortune, if Remedy be not provided, seing then that the Grounds above laid down, do fully obviat all the Petitions offered against me, as particularly that from Air Shire, which complains of my making of their Corns, Cattel and Malt lyable, whereas I only charge the Unfree-Traders in forraign Commodities and Staple-Goods. & that from Musleburgh which directly complains of the Lords Decreet in foro against themselves, without any Protest. And that of Kelso which only complains of Exorbitancy throw their own default, without any Reason, and so of the rest; And that I have truly payed in to the General Receiver what I crave to be relieved of, and that I am content this Honourable Court of Parliament appoint any Course that may be effectual for my foresaid most just Relief in a matter wherein I have acted most carefully and diligently by warrant of the forelaid Act of Communication, I shall only farder propose to your Grace and the Honourable Estates of Parliament, that the Method that appears most necessary and expedient for remeeding this Affair is, That there may be a Commission of Parliament to a few able and proper Persons to proportion and settle the foresaid Sub-division amongst the unfree Traders with power to Determine, and with fielike Execution as is appointed for His Majesties Cels, which Method is humbly suggested to the Parliaments Choice with all Deference to their better Judgement for my relief as to bygones : And as for the time to come, I most humbly offer to give over my Contract, and that if this High and Honourable Court of Parliament shall think fit, the Condition of the Royal Burrows may return to the fame State wherein it was before my laid Contract, and the Act 1693, Ratificing the lame.

May it therefore please your Grace, and the High and Honourable Court of Parliament, to take the Premisses to your Consideration, and appoint such Methods and Remedies, as I may be Relieved and Reminbursed of the great Sums I have Advanced in manner joresaid; and that for time coming this Matter may be so ordered as may be most easie for all Traders, and most Advantagious for the Common-Good of the Kingdom, And your Grace, and Lordships Petitioner shall ever pray &c.